Public Document Pack

Scrutiny Inquiry Panel - Reducing Drug Related Litter in Southampton

PRESENTATIONS

Thursday, 18th January, 2018 at 6.00 pm

MEMBERS ROOM DOCUMENTS ATTACHED TO THE LISTED REPORTS

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MEMBERS ROOM DOCUMENTS

DRUG RELATED LITTER IN SOUTHAMPTON - ALTERNATIVES TO PUBLIC 7 **INJECTING** (Pages 1 - 42)

2018

Wednesday, 10 January SERVICE DIRECTOR, LEGAL AND GOVERNANCE



Drug Consumption Rooms Scrutiny Inquiry - Southampton

Presented by:

Dr Prun Bijral – Medical Director

Date: 18th January 2018



Our goal is to help service users regain control, change the direction of their lives, grow as a person and live life to its full potential. Is The Time Right For Drug Consumption Rooms?

Policy Developments And Changing Landscapes

Introduction

- Short presentation: How has the policy landscape changed in the past 12 months?
- Discussion: Addressing questions of feasibility.

What are drug consumption rooms?

"Drug consumption rooms are professionally supervised healthcare facilities where drug users can consume drugs in safer conditions."

What services can DCRs offer?

- A space people can remain under observation after drug consumption
- Intervention in case of emergencies
- Provision of hygienic injecting materials
- Prevention materials including condoms and sharps containers
- Provision of food, showers and clothing to those who live on the streets
- Advice on health and safer drug use
- Counselling and drug treatment
- Access to primary healthcare

European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMMCDA)

Sydney – Uniting MSIC



Hamburg – 'Staying Alive' Project



What has been demonstrated?

Drug consumption rooms are found to be effective in:

- Reduce self reported injection risk behaviors, such as syringe sharing
- Reach and stay in contact with highly marginalised target populations
- Reduce drug-related deaths at a city level, where coverage is adequate
- Increase uptake of detoxification and drug dependence treatment, including opioid substitution
- Enhance access to primary care
- Promoting safer injecting conditions
- Decrease public injecting
- Reduce the number of syringes discarded in the vicinity

Systematic literature review on 75 research articles EMMCDA

Changing Landscapes and Context

Figure 1: Age-standardised mortality rates for deaths related to drug misuse, by sex, deaths registered in 1993 to 2016

England and Wales

Figure 1: Age-standardised mortality rates for deaths related to drug misuse, by sex, deaths registered in 1993 to 2016



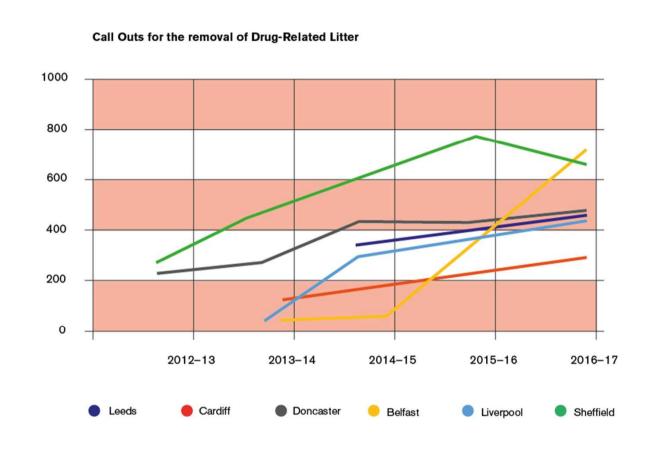


Fentanyl and Related Analogues

- August 2017: NCA reports at least 60 deaths in last 8 months have been linked to fentanyl and related analogues.
- Could escalate an existing crisis of drug related deaths among older opioid users with a range of multiple morbidities.

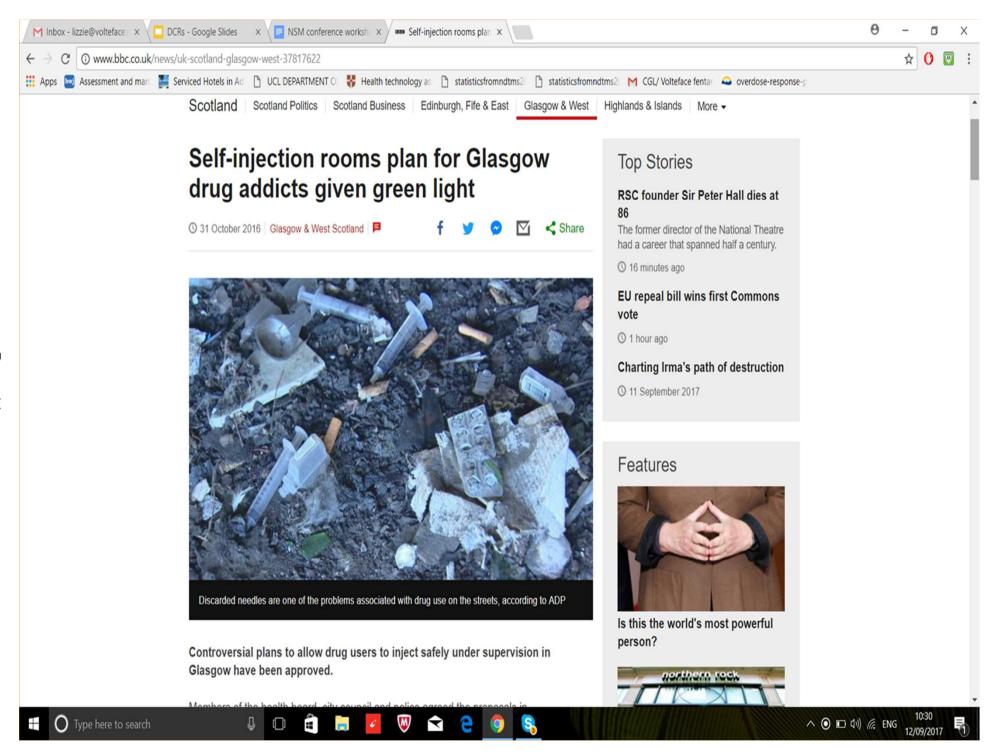


Rise in call outs for the removal of drug-related litter - FOI

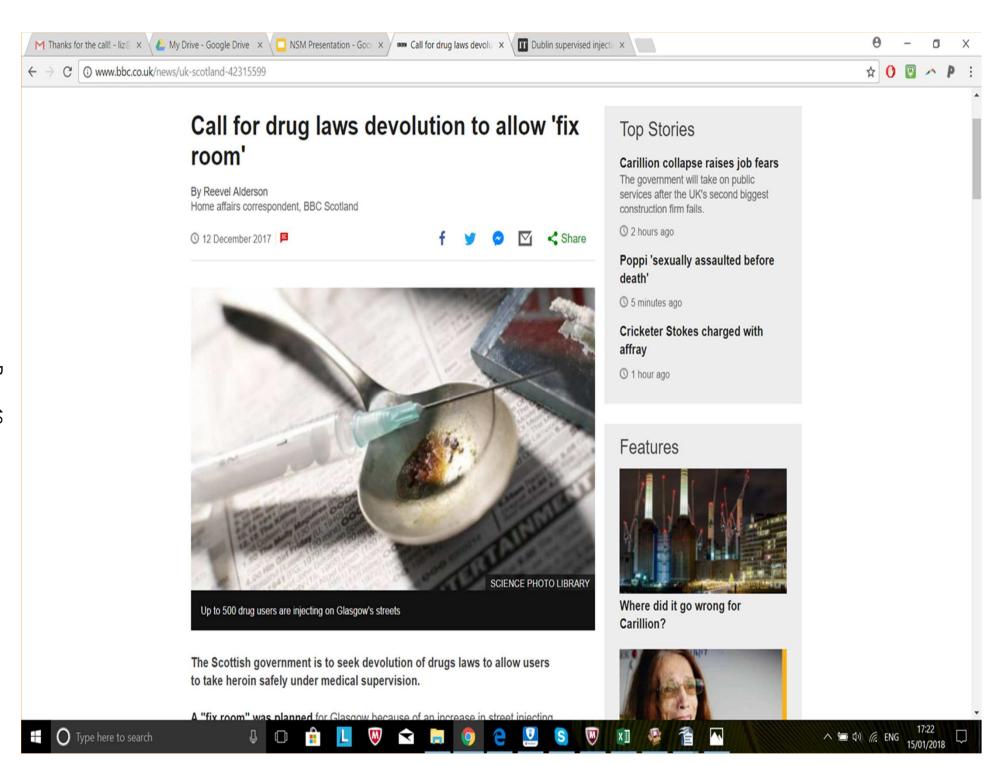


Policy Developments





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"Consideration is given – by the governments of each UK country and by local commissioners of drug treatment services – to the potential to reduce DRDs and other harms through the provision of medically-supervised drug consumption clinics in localities with a high concentration of injecting drug use"

December 2016

CGL National Position



"We recognise that entering structured treatment is not always possible, or even desired by some individuals, and these people would be most likely to benefit from Safer Consumption Rooms. While we are not currently looking to establish any facilities of this nature, we would certainly be open to working with any of our commissioners who may wish to consider this initiative."

Dr. Prun Bijral (December 2016)

Collective Voice

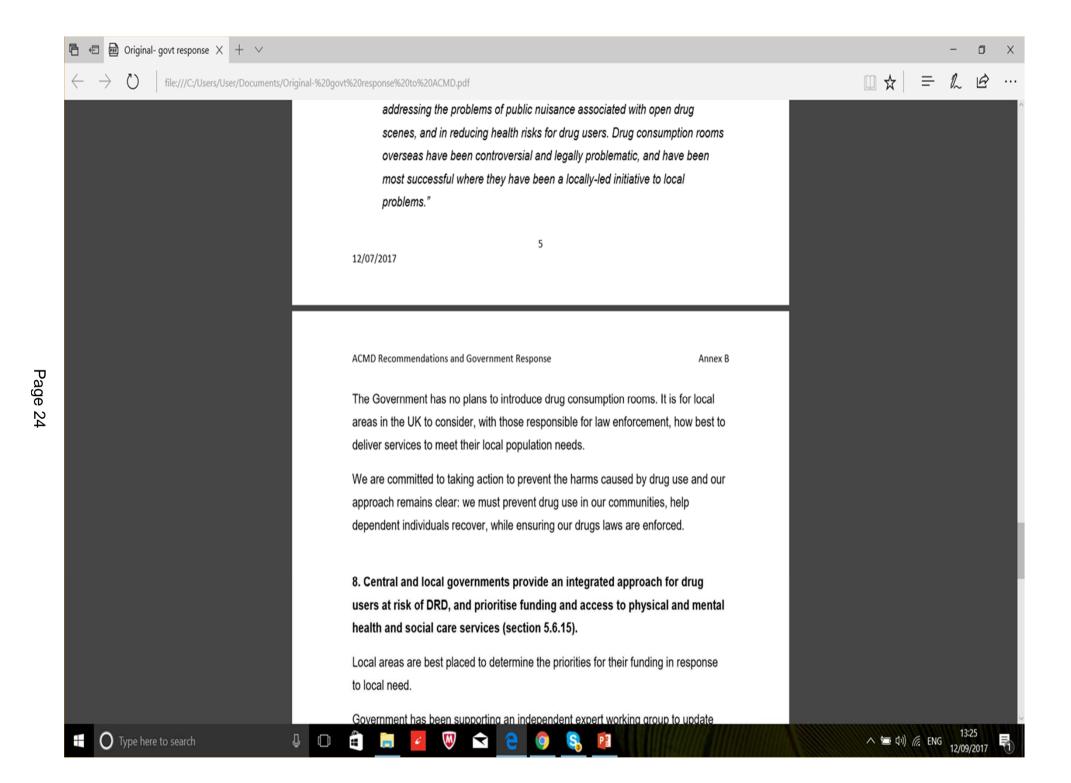
"In those areas who conclude that drug consumption rooms offer a cost effective route to reducing overall levels of drug related harm including deaths CV members will be keen to work with commissioners to ensure these services are integrated into existing provision in a way which maximises their potential."

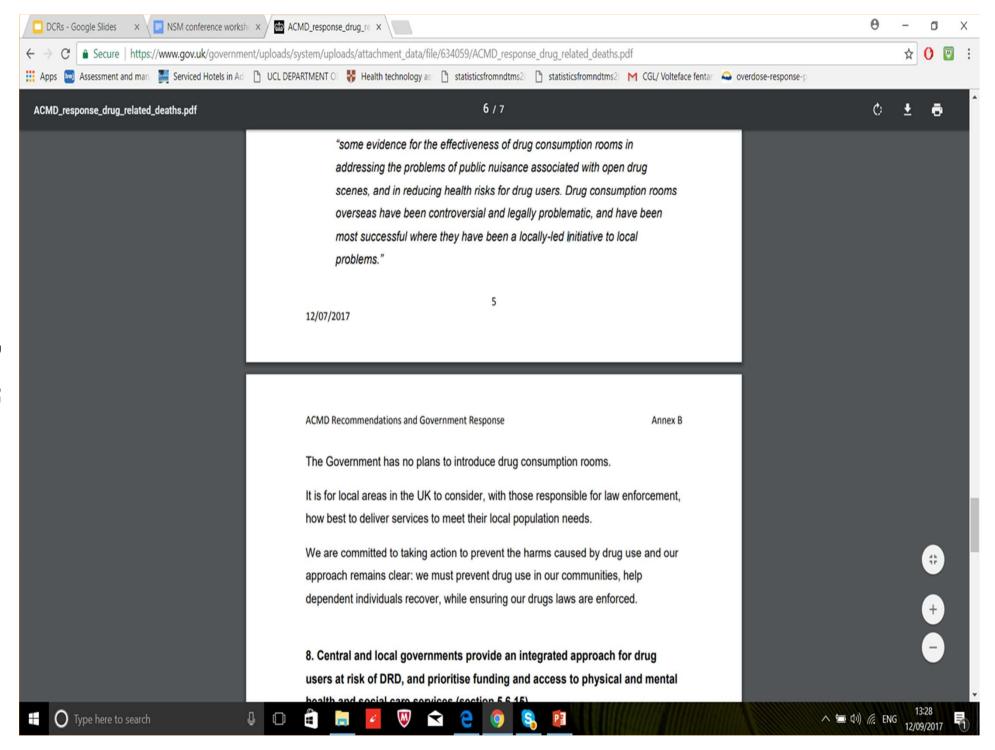
Paul Hayes CEO

August 2017

Government October 2013 position statement

"The Government has no plans to allow drug consumption rooms, which [would break] laws whereby possession of controlled drugs is illegal."





Home Office statement released in November 2017 in response to launch of Volteface report 'Back Yard'

"The UK's approach on drugs remains clear - we must prevent drug use in our communities and support people dependent on drugs through treatment and recovery.

We have no plans to introduce drug consumption rooms.

A range of offences is likely to be committed in the operation of drug consumption rooms.

It is for local police forces to enforce the law in such circumstances and, as with other offences of this type, we would expect them to do so."

Home Office Spokesperson

UN Position (2017 INCB Report)

"For "drug consumption rooms" to be consistent with the conventions, they must aim at effectively reducing the negative consequences of drug abuse and lead to treatment and rehabilitation, without condoning or encouraging drug abuse and drug trafficking"

Possible discussion points

- What do you think are the barriers/ concerns of establishing a DCR
- How do you think these barriers/ concerns could be alleviated, addressed or overcome?

Thanks for your time

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Agenda Item Appendix 4

Summary of need in Southampton

Drug Litter Scrutiny Inquiry

Charlotte Matthews, Consultant in Public Health 18.01.18

Southampton headline numbers

1483 (est) opiate and/or crack users, including 636 (est) who inject

Figures not available for people who inject other performance enhancing or other drugs

219 people used needle exchange facilities.

Others used pharmacy needle exchange, figures not available.

Increasing drug related deaths, rate higher than England.

43 people died from drugs, 2014-16.

Blood-borne virus rate similar to England, no recent outbreaks.

Est - estimate



Southampton services overview

Currently

- Treatment and harm minimisation service including needle exchange
- CGL ensuring they're optimising opiate replacement therapy effective dose as quickly as possible
- Homeless Vulnerable Adult Support Team (H-VAST) pilot
- Street-based Vulnerable Adults review.

Low threshold prescribing – current pilot in Portsmouth. Results due by Summer.

Internationally – heroin-assisted therapy for small minority struggling to engage in treatment.



Numbers in more detail....

Number of injecting drug users

Estimates

2014/15 estimate

1483 opiate and/or crack users in Southampton.

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/opiate-and-crack-cocaine-use-prevalence-estimates-for-local-populations

2011/12 estimate

1649 opiate and/or crack users

Including estimated **636** injecting opiate and /or crack users.

3.83 per 1000 population

Compared to other areas:

- Higher than England 2.49, SE 1.97
- Similar to similar LA 3.19

 $\underline{https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/search/opiate\#page/4/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E06000045/iid/91118/age/182/sex/4/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E06000045/iid/91118/age/182/sex/4/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E06000045/iid/91118/age/182/sex/4/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E06000045/iid/91118/age/182/sex/4/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E06000045/iid/91118/age/182/sex/4/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E06000045/iid/91118/age/182/sex/4/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E06000045/iid/91118/age/182/sex/4/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E06000045/iid/91118/age/182/sex/4/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E06000045/iid/91118/age/182/sex/4/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E06000045/iid/91118/age/182/sex/4/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E060000045/iid/91118/age/182/sex/4/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E060000045/iid/91118/age/182/sex/4/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E060000045/iid/91118/age/182/sex/4/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E060000045/iid/9118/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E060000045/iid/9118/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E060000045/iid/918/gid/1/pat/10039/par/cat-39-4/ati/102/are/E060000045/iid/918/gid$



Number of injecting drug users using services

Needle exchange

- 219 distinct people (Q2 17/18)
- 34% of estimated injecting drug users (219/636)
- Others used pharmacy needle exchange figures on no. people not available

Structured treatment

- 162 self reports (Q3 17/18) under estimate
- 25% of estimated injecting drug users (162/636)



Drug related deaths

2014-16:

43 people died from drugs, using the Public Health England and ONS definition.

Rate of 6.2 per 100,000 people – higher (worse) than:

- England 4.2 difference statistically significant
- Similar Local Authorities 5.7
- Southampton 2013-15 5.1

Local audit of drug related deaths, using a wider definition Deaths in 2015:

- Average age 37, typically 35-39 years old
- Mostly from heroin +/- another substance including alcohol
- >half people not in treatment

Blood borne viruses

Hep B

41% (201) eligible people in treatment completed course of treatment vaccination, 2016/17.

Better than England average 29%

Hep C

93% (421) eligible people in treatment tested, 2016/17.

Better than England average 29%

20% prevalence among local shared care patients, 2013 audit.

49% prevalence among all clients in treatment agreeing to be tested, 2011/12 Unlinked Anon. Monitoring Survey of People who inject drugs.

England average 50%.

HIV

Not in an outbreak situation. 0% positive, small sample 2014.



Questions?

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Agenda Item 7

Appendix 5

EMCDDA – Drug Consumption Rooms

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YhLoLbORzi0

